

Some Many-body Phenomena due to Quantum and Quasi-classical Effects of Electron Motion along Open Orbits in a Magnetic Field

*Modern Trends in Condensed Matter Physics
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The Gor'kov's equations

$$\left\{ i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{r}} - ie\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}) \right)^2 + \mu \right\} G(x, x')$$

$$+ i\Delta(\mathbf{r}) F^+(x, x') = \delta(x - x'),$$

$$\left\{ i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} - \frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{r}} + ie\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}) \right)^2 - \mu \right\} F^+(x, x')$$

$$- i\Delta^*(\mathbf{r}) G(x, x') = 0,$$

$$\Delta^*(\mathbf{r}) = |g| F^+(x, x),$$

Normal and anomalous Green's functions

Gor'kov's gap equation in a magnetic field

$$\Delta^*(\mathbf{r}) = -i|g| \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} d\omega \int \tilde{G}_\omega(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{r}) \tilde{G}_{-\omega}(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{r}) \Delta^*(\mathbf{s}) d^3s. \quad (6)$$

$$\tilde{G}_\omega(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = \exp \left\{ -\frac{ieH}{2c} (y + y') (x - x') \right\} \tilde{G}'_\omega(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}').$$

$$\left\{ \omega + \frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{r}} - \frac{ie}{2c} \mathbf{H} \times [\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'] \right)^2 + \mu \right\} \tilde{G}'_\omega(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}') = \delta(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'). \quad (8)$$

$$G_{0\omega}(\mathbf{R}) = \begin{cases} -(m/2\pi R) \exp [ip_0 R + i\omega R/v], & \omega > 0 \\ -(m/2\pi R) \exp [-ip_0 R + i\omega R/v], & \omega < 0 \end{cases} \quad (|\omega| \ll \mu). \quad (9)$$

Upper critical magnetic field at T=0

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta^*(y) \ln \left(\frac{e\gamma\Delta_0}{v} s \right) \\ = - \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\exp \{- |(eH/c)(y^2 - y'^2)|\}}{|y - y'|} \Delta^*(y') d_s y'. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta^*(\xi) \ln \left(\frac{\Delta_0 e}{v} \sqrt{\frac{\gamma c}{eH}} \right) &= \Phi(\xi) \Delta^*(\xi) \\ - \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\exp \{- |\xi^2 - \xi'^2|\}}{|\xi - \xi'|} [\Delta^*(\xi') - \Delta^*(\xi)] d\xi'. \end{aligned}$$

$$\Phi(\xi) = e^{-\xi^2} \int_0^{|\xi|} e^{\xi'^2} \xi' \ln \frac{|\xi| + \xi'}{|\xi| - \xi'} d\xi'.$$

$$H_{c1} \approx (e^2 \gamma / 2) (c \Delta_0^2 / ev).$$

Variation method with the correct trial function

Layered anisotropic superconductor

$$\epsilon(\mathbf{p}) = \frac{1}{2m}(p_x^2 + p_y^2) - 2t_{\perp} \cos(p_z c^*) ,$$
$$t_{\perp} \ll \epsilon_F , \quad \epsilon_F = \frac{p_F^2}{2m} = \frac{mv_F^2}{2} ,$$

$$\begin{aligned} g_{i\omega_n}^{\pm}(x, x_1; p_y, p_z; \sigma) &= -i \frac{\text{sgn}(\omega_n)}{v_x(p_y)} \exp \left[\mp \frac{\omega_n(x - x_1)}{v_x(p_y)} \right] \\ &\times \exp \left[\pm i \frac{2t_{\perp} \cos(p_z c^*)(x - x_1)}{v_x^0} \right] \exp \left[\frac{\mp i \mu_B \sigma H(x - x_1)}{v_x(p_y)} \right] \\ &\times \exp \left[\pm i \frac{t_{\perp} \omega_c (x^2 - x_1^2)}{v_x^0 v_F} \sin(p_z c^*) \right]. \end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

- A.G. Lebed, PRB (2019)

$t_c \gg T_c : \text{MgB2}$

Gap Equation in a Magnetic Field

$$\Delta(x) = \frac{g}{2} \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1:} \\ \text{Two curved arrows from } x \text{ to } x' \text{ with momenta } (p_y, p_z) \text{ and } (-p_y, -p_z). \\ \text{Top arrow: } +x \rightarrow x' \text{ with momentum } (p_y, p_z) \text{ and energy } i\omega_n \uparrow \\ \text{Bottom arrow: } -x \rightarrow x' \text{ with momentum } (-p_y, -p_z) \text{ and energy } -i\omega_n \uparrow \\ \text{Diagram 2:} \\ \text{Two curved arrows from } x \text{ to } x' \text{ with momenta } (p_y, p_z) \text{ and } (-p_y, -p_z). \\ \text{Top arrow: } +x \rightarrow x' \text{ with momentum } (p_y, p_z) \text{ and energy } i\omega_n \downarrow \\ \text{Bottom arrow: } x \rightarrow x' \text{ with momentum } (-p_y, -p_z) \text{ and energy } -i\omega_n \downarrow \end{array} \right] \Delta(x')$$

- Integral equation for superconducting nucleus:

$$\Delta(x) = g \int K(x, x') \Delta(x') dx'$$

- Kernel:

$$K(x, x') = T \sum_{\omega_n} \left\langle G_{i\omega_n}^+(x, x'; p_y, p_z) G_{-i\omega_n}^-(x, x'; -p_y, -p_z) \right\rangle$$

Ginzburg-Landau equation

$$-\xi_{\parallel}^2 \frac{d^2 \Delta(x)}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{2\pi H}{\phi_0} \right)^2 \xi_{\perp}^2 x^2 \Delta(x) - \tau \Delta(x) = 0,$$

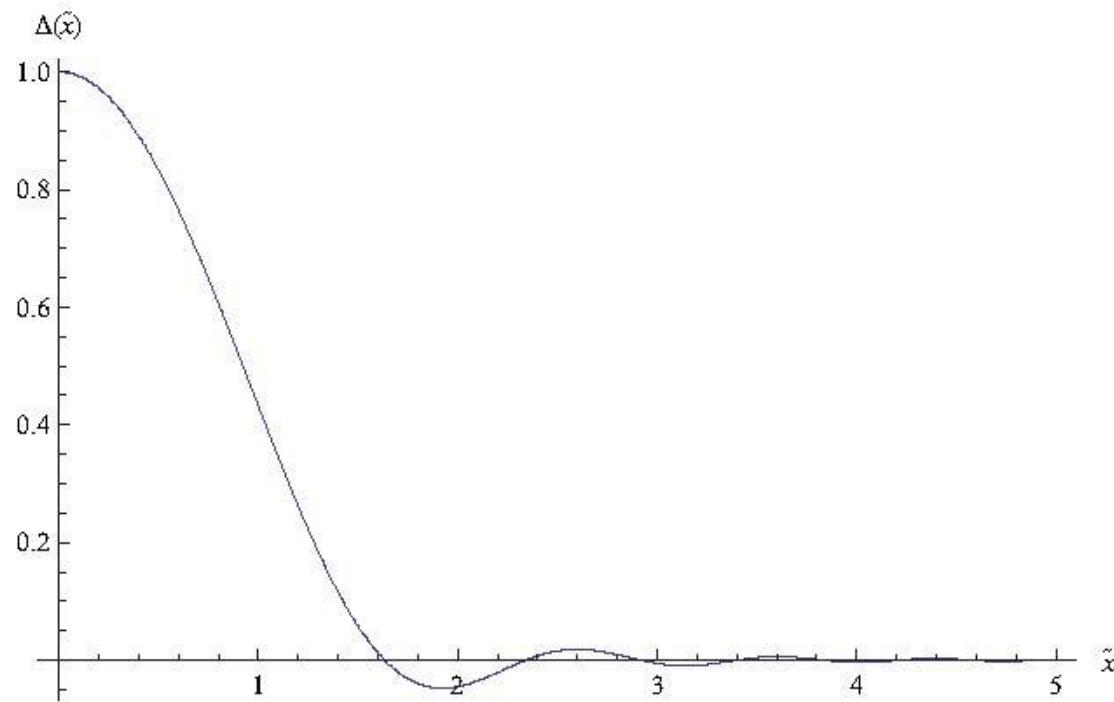
$$H_{c2}^{\parallel} = \tau \left(\frac{\phi_0}{2\pi \xi_{\parallel} \xi_{\perp}} \right) = \tau \left[\frac{8\pi^2 c T_c^2}{7\zeta(3) e v_F t_{\perp} c^*} \right].$$

$$H_{c2}^{\perp} = \tau \left(\frac{\phi_0}{2\pi \xi_{\parallel}^2} \right) = \tau \left[\frac{16\pi^2 c T_c^2}{7\zeta(3) e v_F^2} \right].$$

Takafumi Kita, PRB (2003)

Gor'kov's integral equation at T=0

$$\Delta(x) = g \left\langle \int_d^{\infty} \frac{dz}{z} J_0 \left\{ \frac{2t_{\perp}\omega_c}{v_F^2} [z(2x + z \sin \alpha)] \right\} \times \cos \left[\frac{2\mu_B Hz}{v_F} \right] \Delta(x + z \sin \alpha) \right\rangle_{\sim} . \quad (25)$$



Anisotropy changes

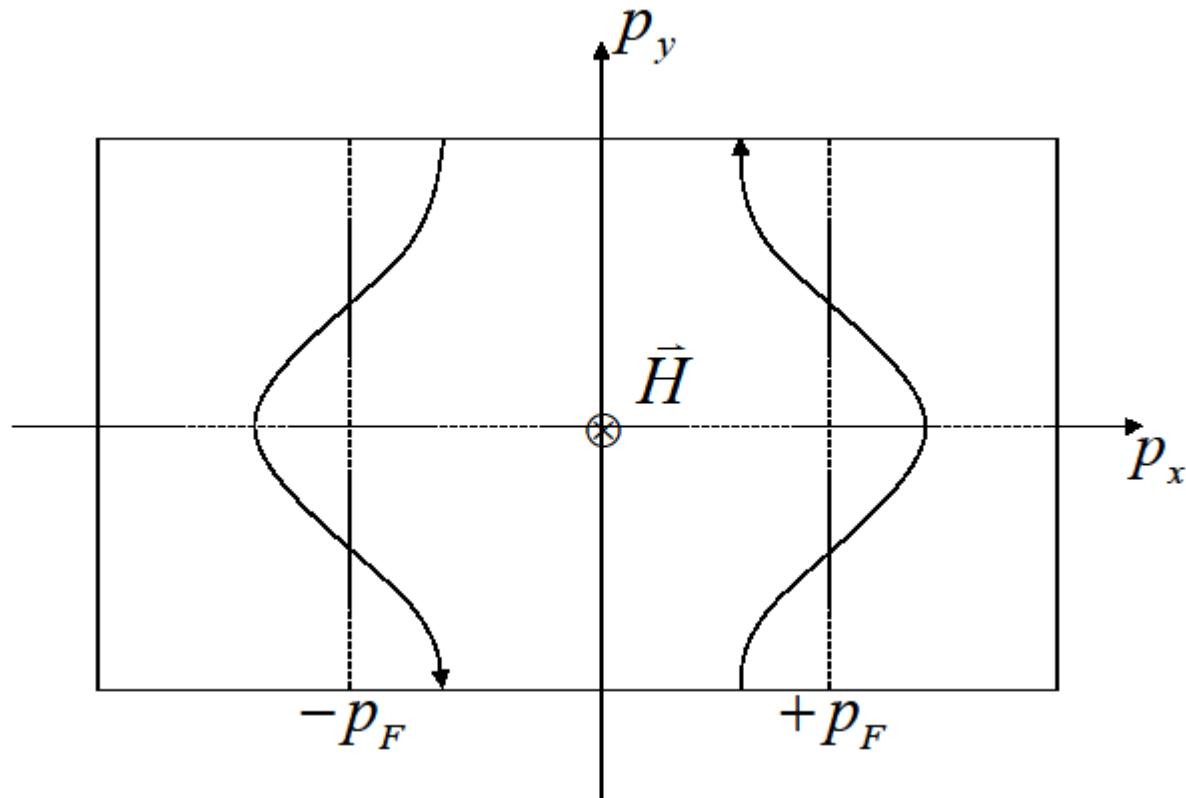
$$H_{c2}^{\parallel}(0) \approx 0.75 \left[\frac{8\pi^2 c T_c^2}{7\zeta(3) e v_F t_{\perp} c^*} \right] = 0.75 |dH_{c2}^{\parallel}/dT|_{T_c} T_c$$

$$H_{c2}^{\perp}(0) \approx 0.59 \left[\frac{16\pi^2 c T_c^2}{7\zeta(3) e v_F^2} \right] = 0.59 |dH_{c2}^{\perp}/dT|_{T_c} T_c$$

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow 0} \gamma(T) = \lim_{T \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{H_{c2}^{\parallel}(T)}{H_{c2}^{\perp}(T)} \right] = 1.27 \lim_{T \rightarrow T_c} \gamma(T).$$

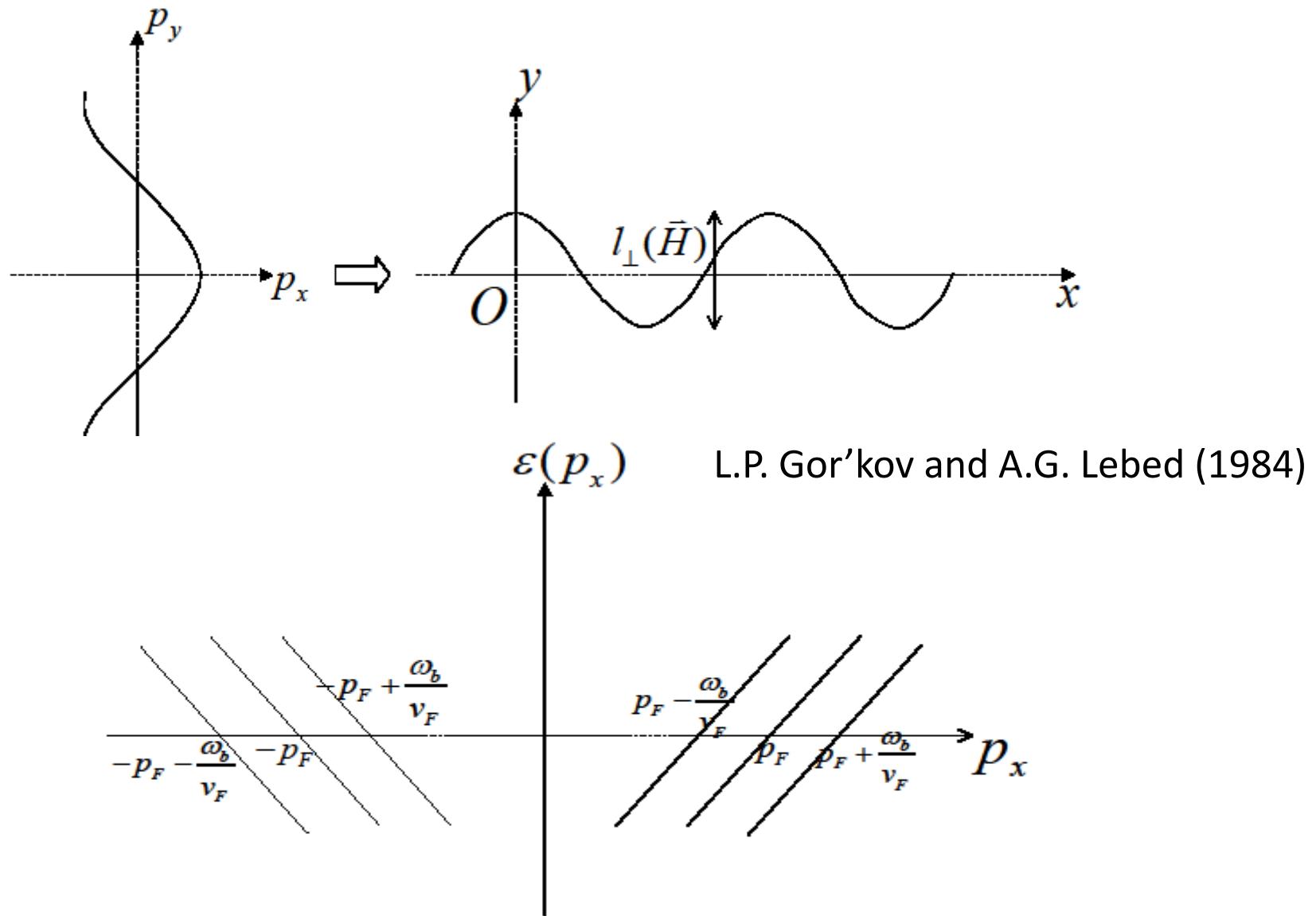
- Effective mass model is broken

Quantum effects of electron motion along open Q1D Fermi surfaces

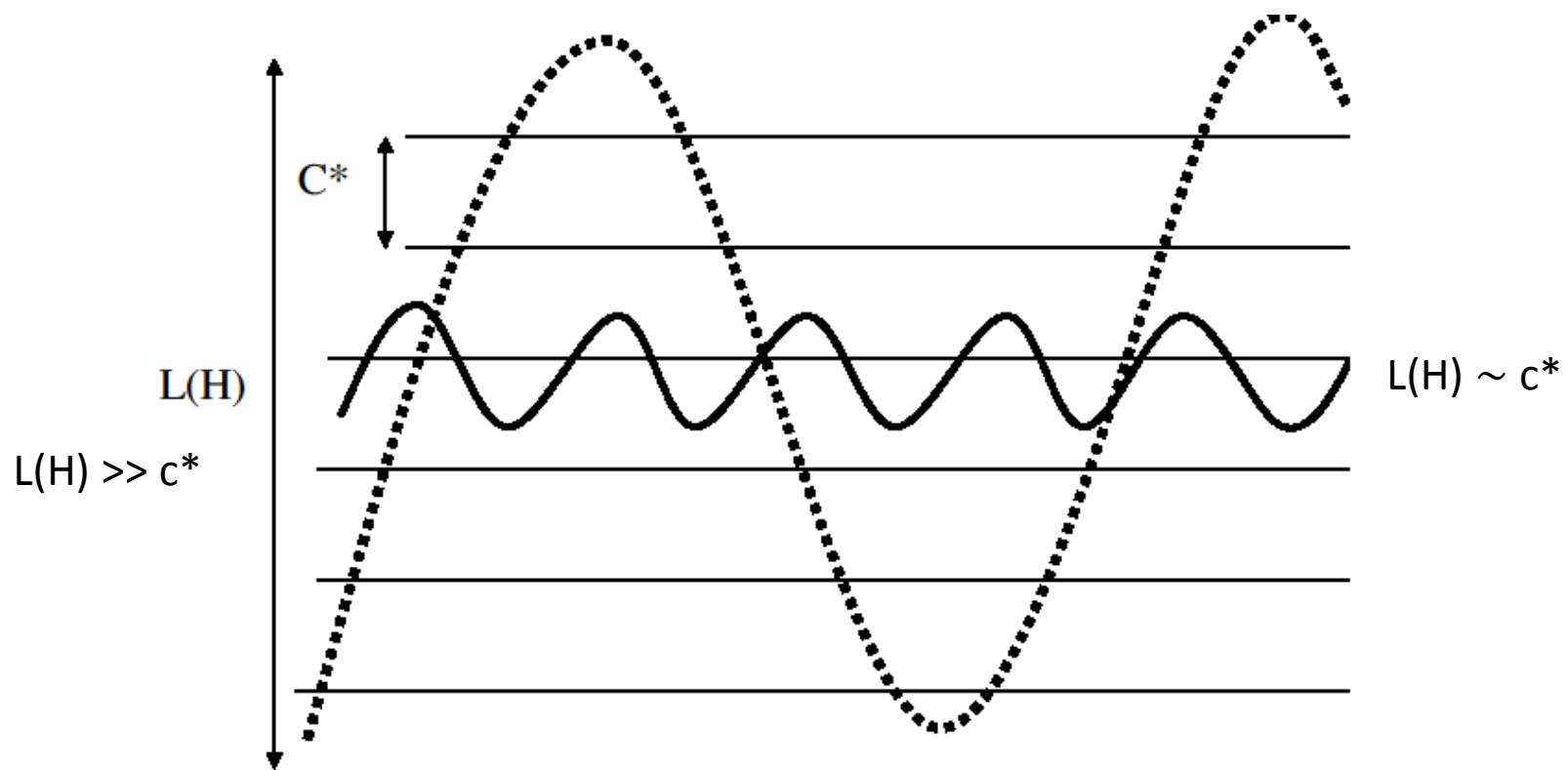


$$\frac{d\mathbf{p}}{dt} = \frac{e}{c} [\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{H}]$$

Motion in a real space; one-dimensionalization of Q1D electron spectrum

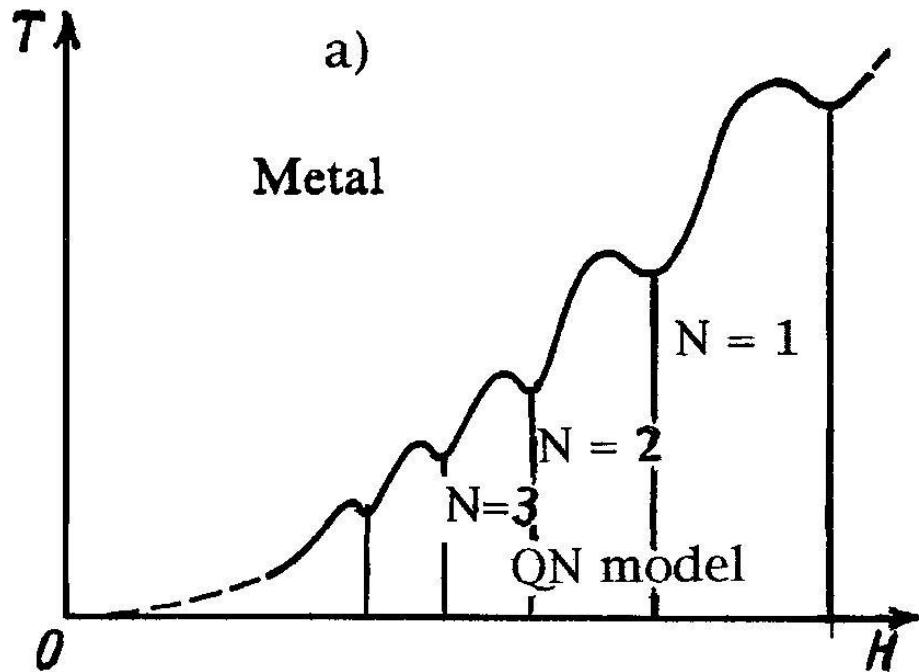


Quantum limit in a magnetic field



A.G. Lebed (1986)

Quantized Nesting Model



L.P. Gor'kov and A.G. Lebed (1984)

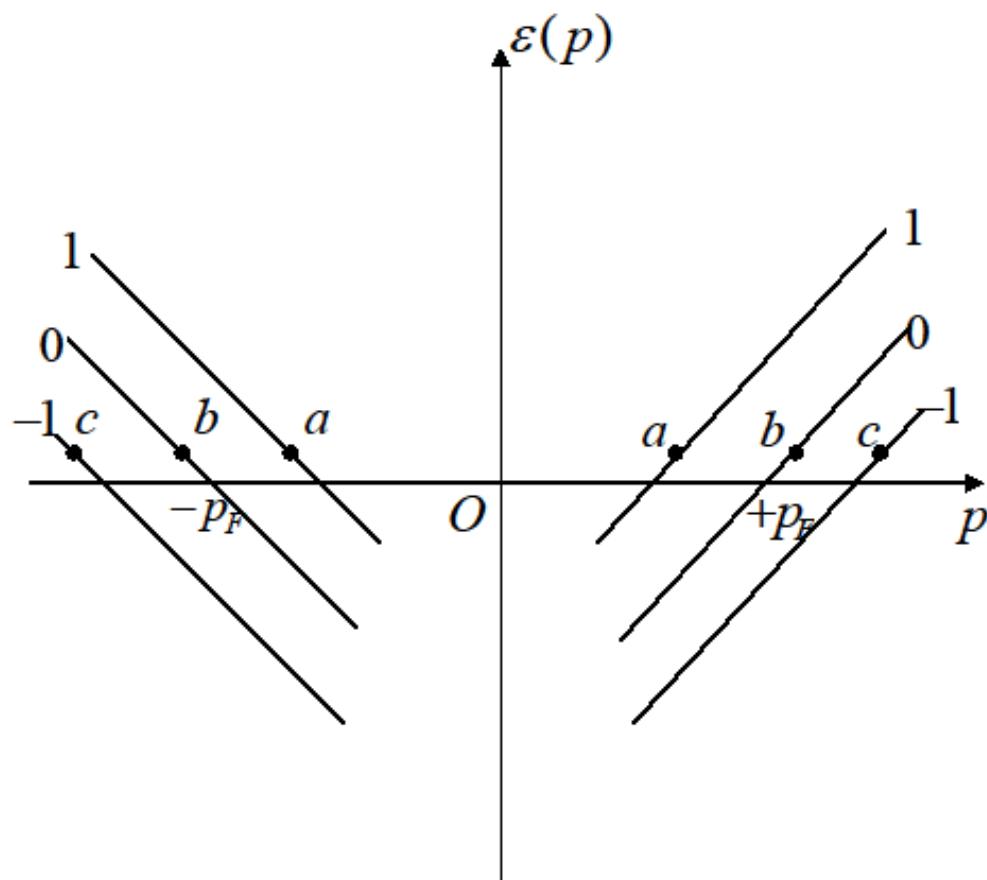
M. Heritier, G. Montambaux, and P. Lederer (1984)

A.G. Lebed (1985, 2002)

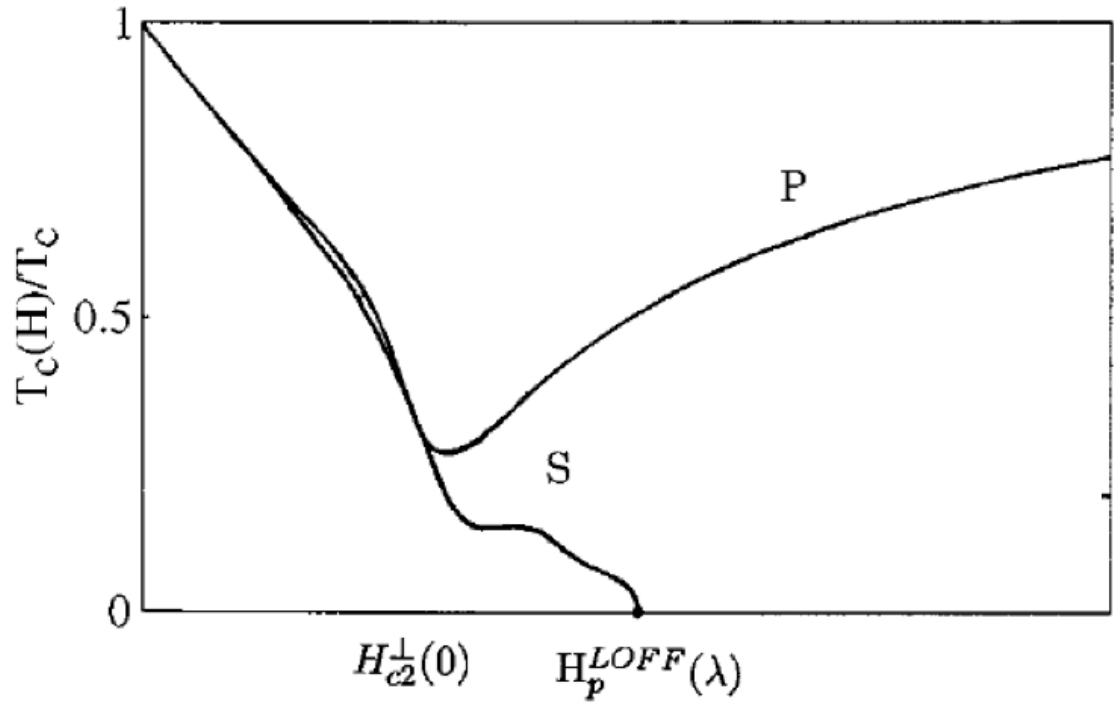
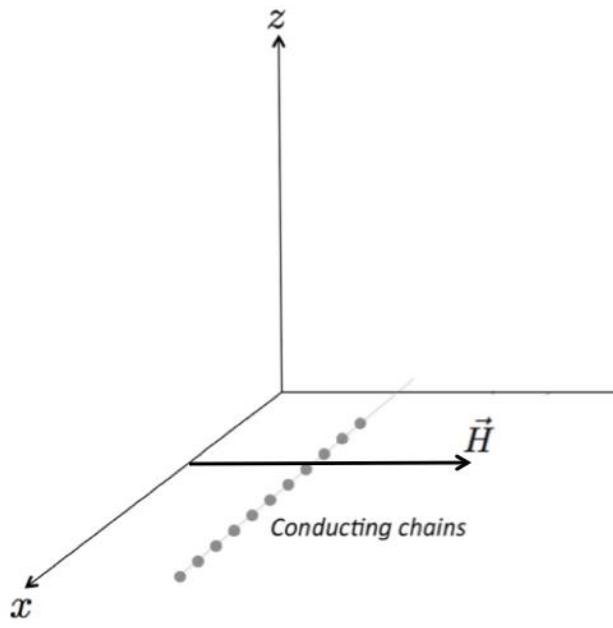
K. Maki (1986)

V.M. Yakovenko (1991)

Cooper instability



Reentrant Superconductivity!

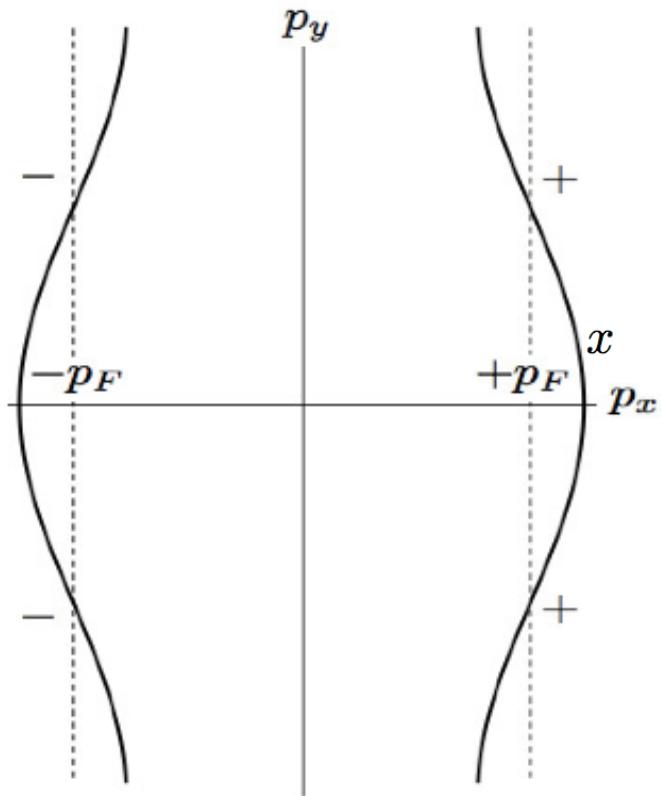


Q1D case: A.G. Lebed, JETP Letters (1986)

Q2D case: A.G. Lebed and K. Yamaji, PRL (1998)

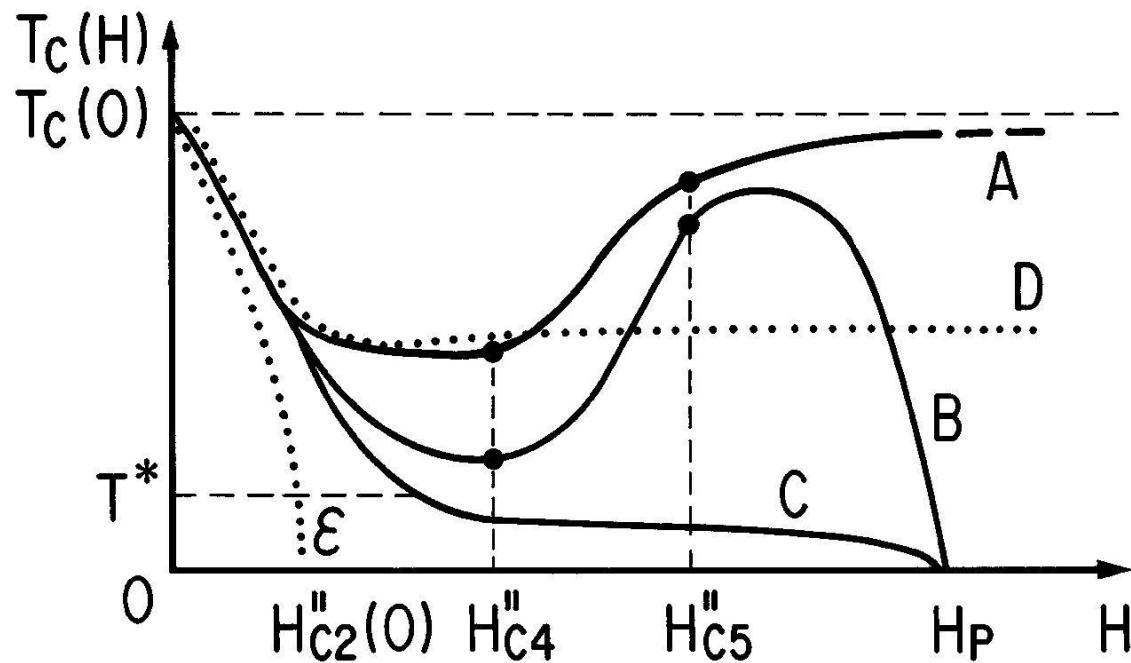
Triplet superconducting order parameter:

Q1D Fermi
Surface



$$\hat{\Delta}(p_x, x) = \hat{I} \operatorname{sgn}(p_x) \Delta(x)$$

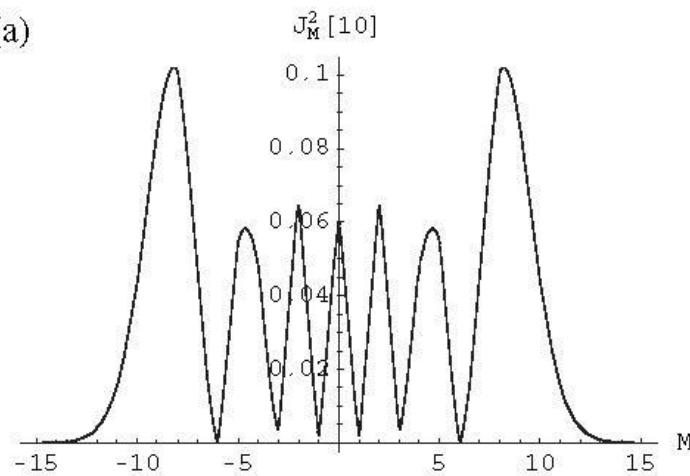
Cooper instability: Q2D case



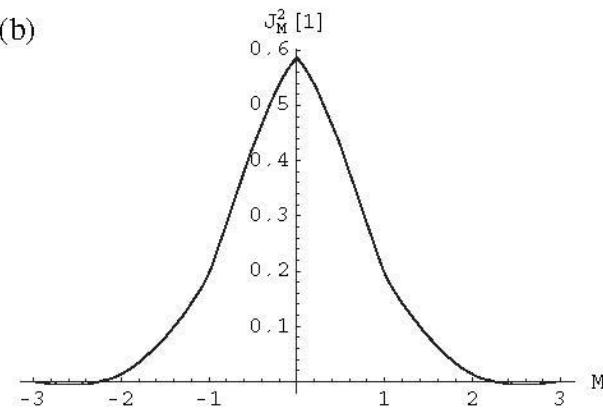
$$\begin{aligned} \Delta(\phi, x) = & \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\phi_1}{2\pi} U(\phi, \phi_1) \int_{|x-x_1|>a^*|\sin\phi_1|}^{\infty} dx_1 \frac{2\pi T}{v_F \sin\phi_1 \sinh[(2\pi T|x-x_1|/v_F \sin\phi_1)]} \\ & \times J_0\left\{\frac{2\lambda}{\sin\phi_1} \sin\left[\frac{\omega_c(x-x_1)}{2v_F}\right] \sin\left[\frac{\omega_c(x+x_1)}{2v_F}\right]\right\} \cos\left[\frac{2k\mu_B H(x-x_1)}{v_F \sin\phi_1}\right] \Delta(\phi_1, x_1). \end{aligned}$$

Exact solution vs. Peierls substitution

(a)

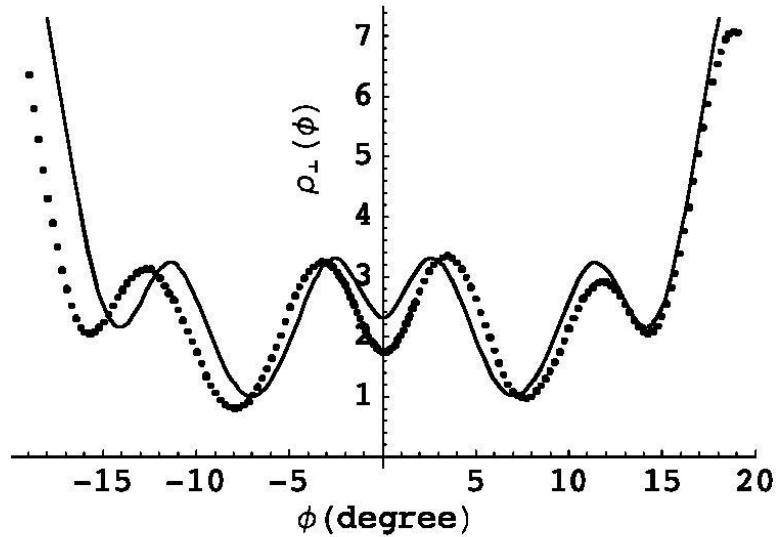
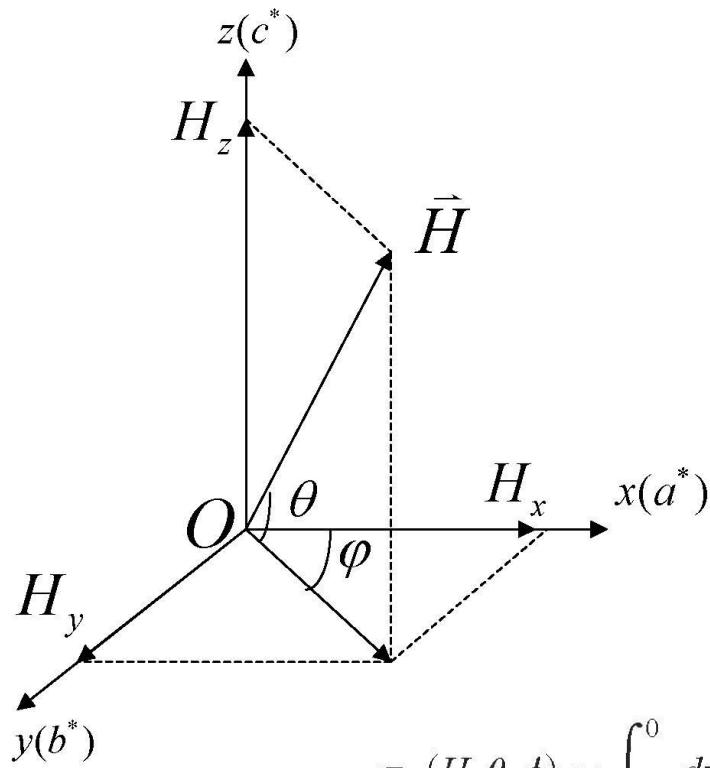


(b)



- A.G. Lebed, PRL (2005)

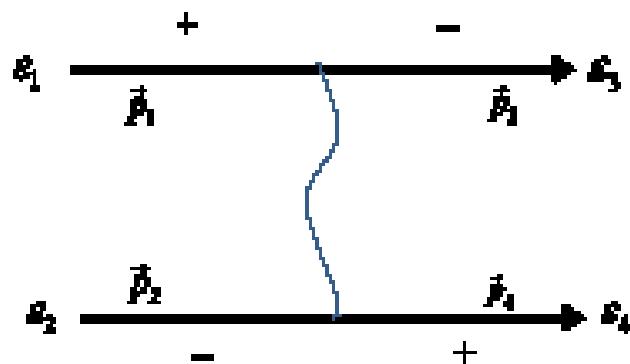
Lebed and Lee-Naughton-Lebed Magic Angles



$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\perp}(H, \theta, \phi) \sim & \int_{-\infty}^0 dz \exp(z) \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{dy}{2\pi} \cos \left[\omega_c(\theta, \phi) \tau z \right. \\ & \left. + a \left(\frac{\cos \phi}{\tan \theta} \right) \{ f[\omega_b(\theta) \tau z + y] - f[y] \} \right]. \end{aligned}$$

Non-Fermi-liquid scattering

$$\frac{1}{\tau} \sim g^2 T \sim T.$$



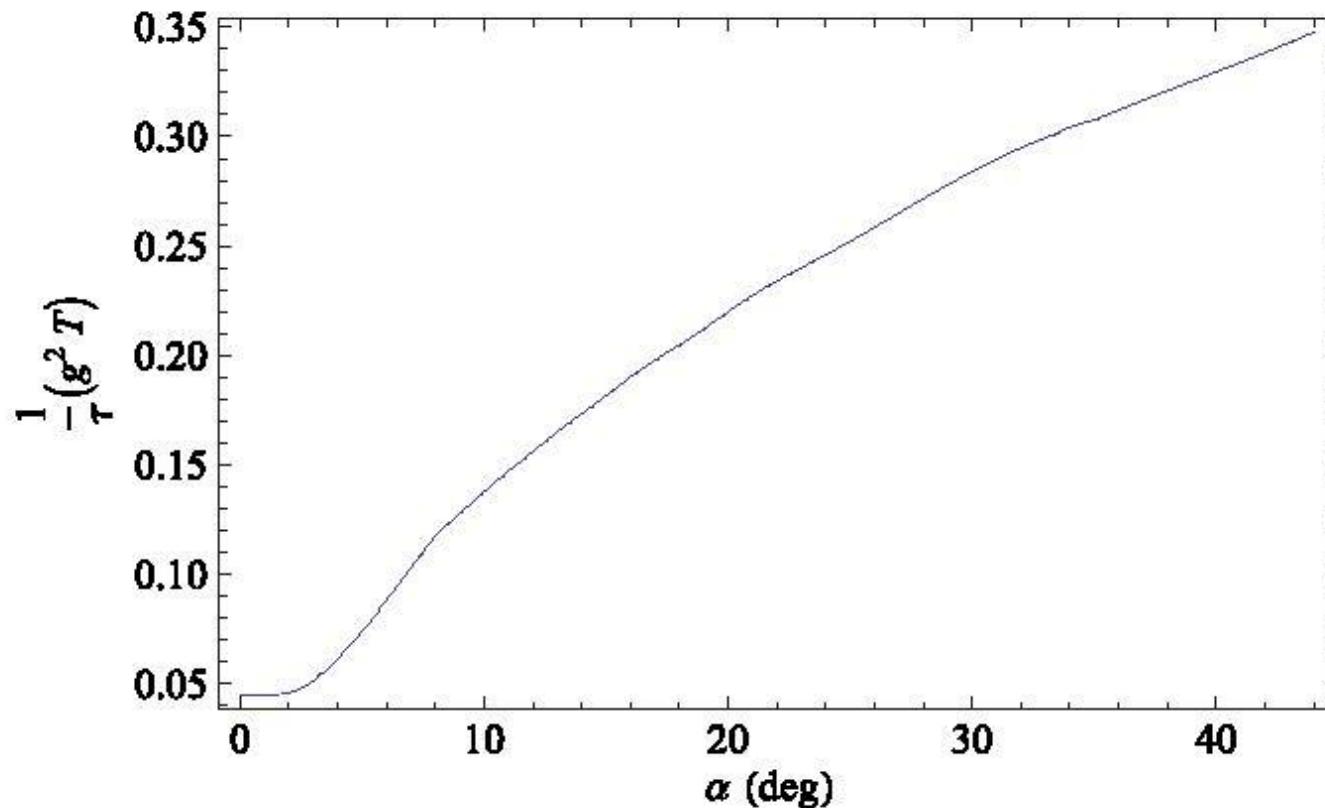
$$\frac{1}{\tau}(0^\circ) \sim \frac{g^2 T^2}{2\pi t_y} \ln^2\left(\frac{t_y}{T}\right) \ll T.$$

$$\frac{1}{\tau}(90^\circ) \sim \frac{g^2 T^2}{2\pi t_x} \ln^2\left(\frac{t_x}{T}\right) \ll T$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{\tau} &= 2g^2 T \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{2\pi T dx}{v_F} \right) \left[\frac{\left(\frac{2\pi T x}{v_F} \right) \cosh\left(\frac{2\pi T x}{v_F} \right) - \sinh\left(\frac{2\pi T x}{v_F} \right)}{\sinh^3\left(\frac{2\pi T x}{v_F} \right)} \right] \\
 &\times \left\langle J_0^2 \left\{ 4I_p(\alpha) \sin\left[\frac{\omega_p(\alpha)x}{2v_F} \right] \cos(\phi_1) \right\} \right\rangle_{\phi_1} \\
 &\times \left\langle J_0^2 \left\{ 4I_z(\alpha) \sin\left[\frac{\omega_z(\alpha)x}{2v_F} \right] \cos(\phi_2) \right\} \right\rangle_{\phi_2}, \quad (16)
 \end{aligned}$$

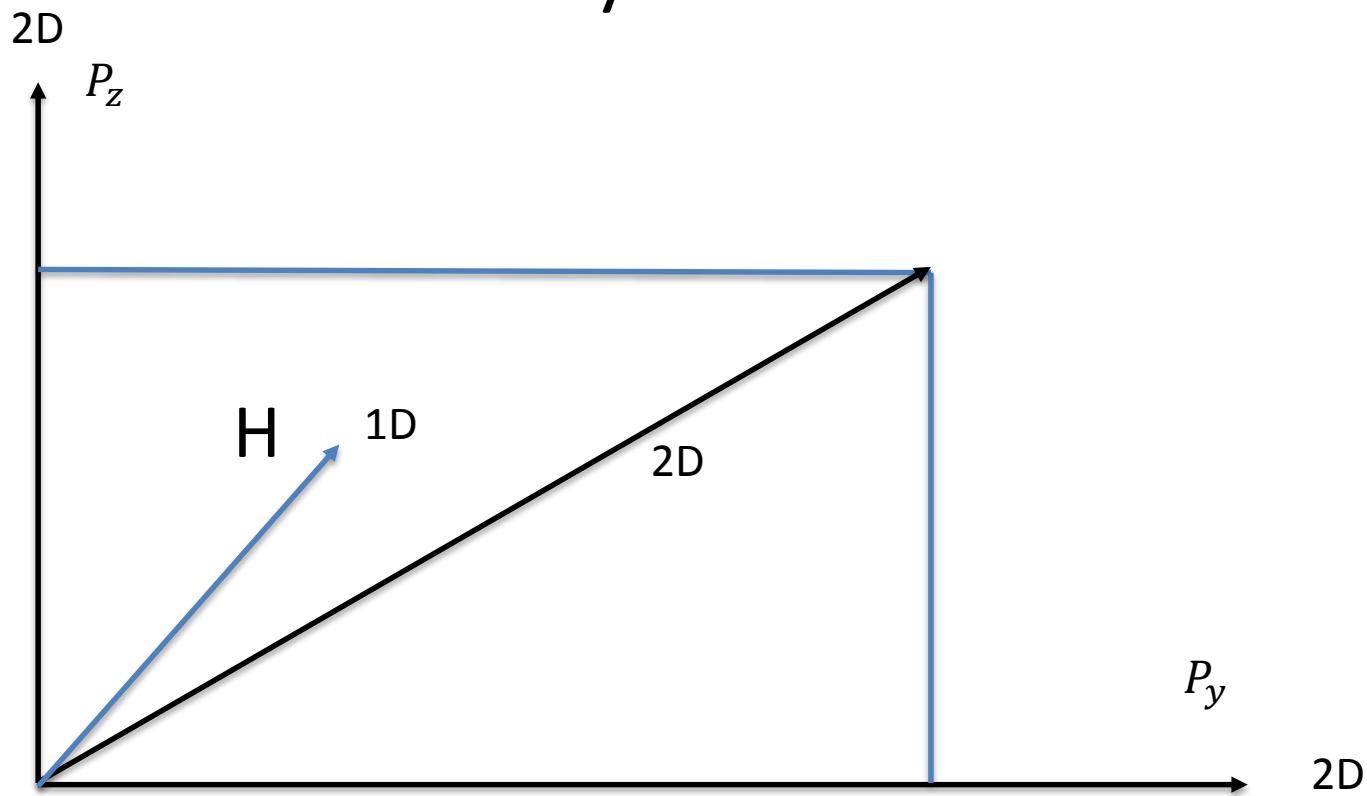
Real calculations for (Per)2Au(mnt)2

$$t_y \sim 20K \quad t_z \sim 2K$$



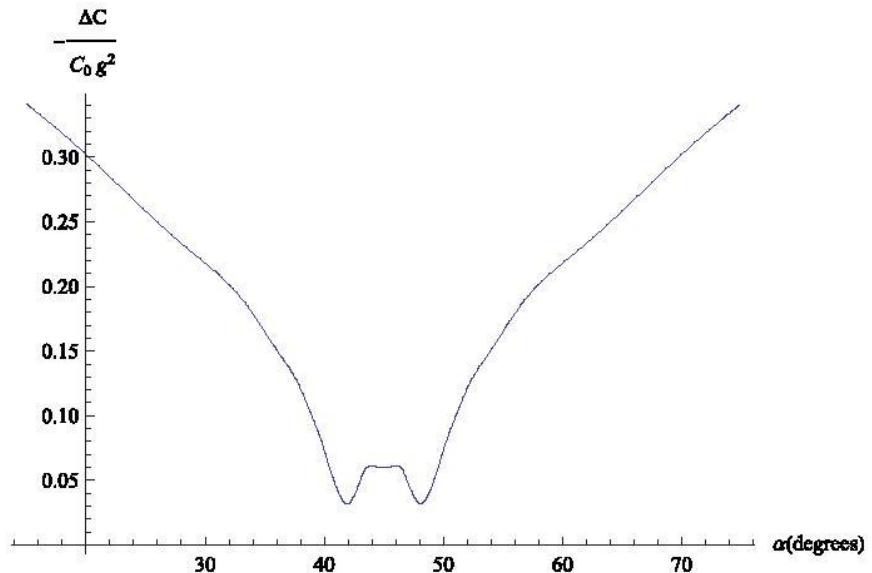
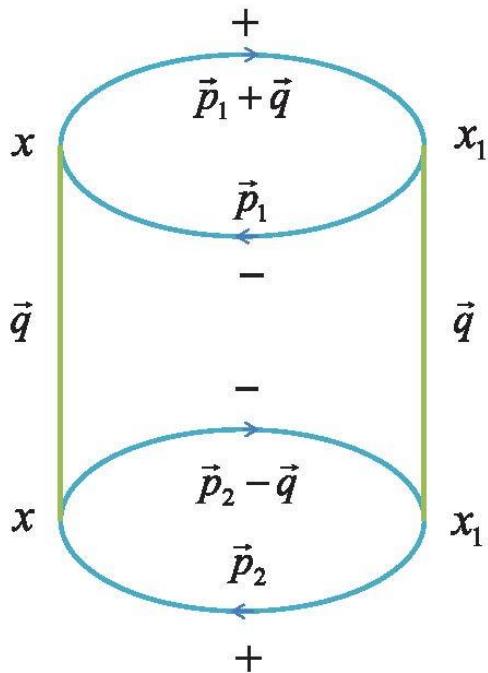
A.G. Lebed, PRL (2015)

Lebed's Magic Angles: a change of dimensionality of electron motion



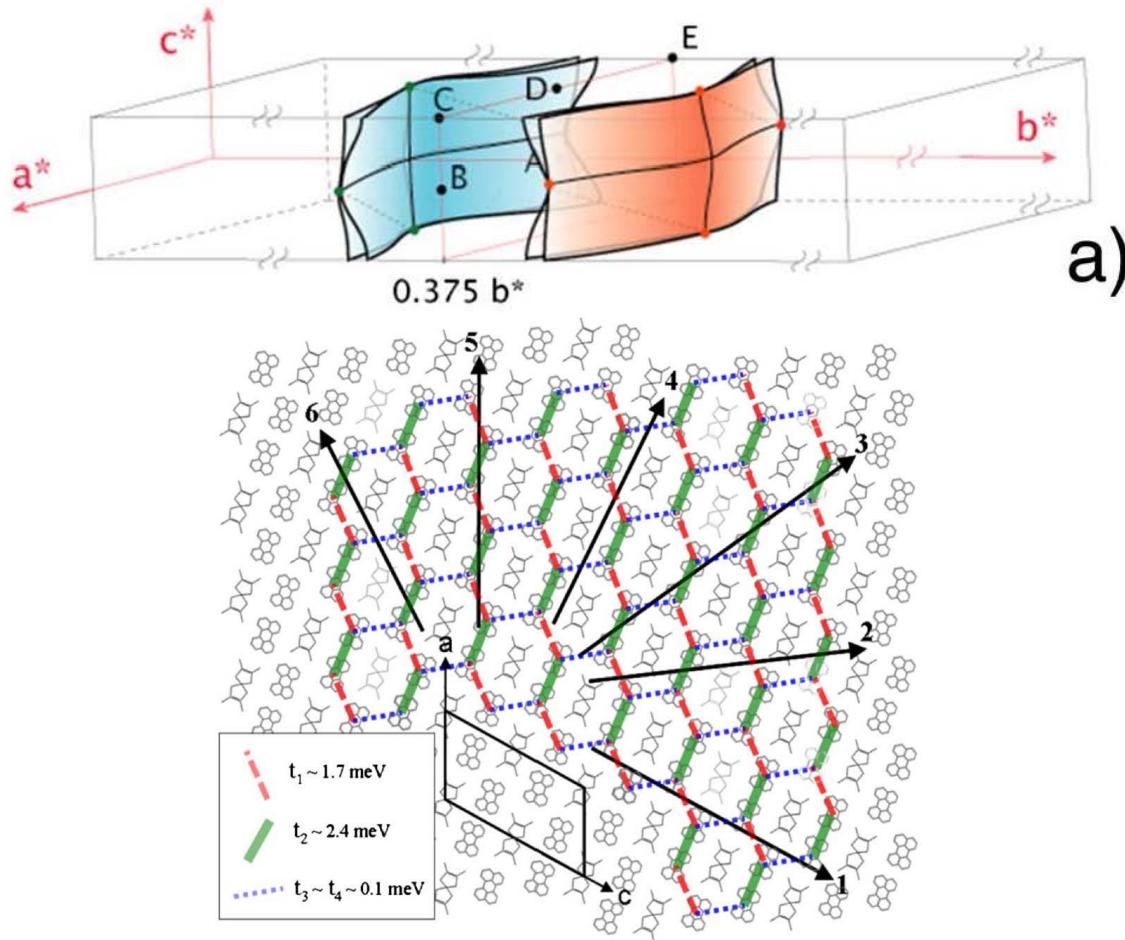
G.S. Boebinger (1990); M.J. Naughton (1991); T. Osada (1991)

Dimensional Crossovers in Thermodynamic properties



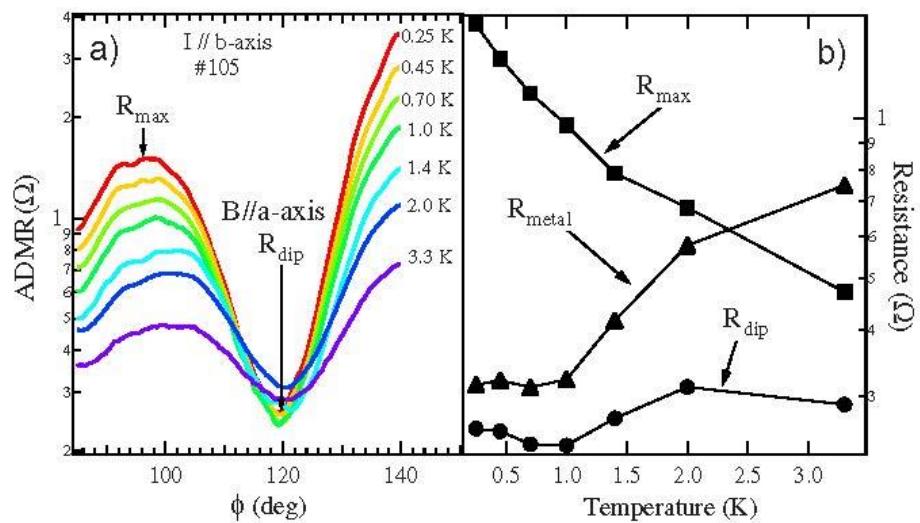
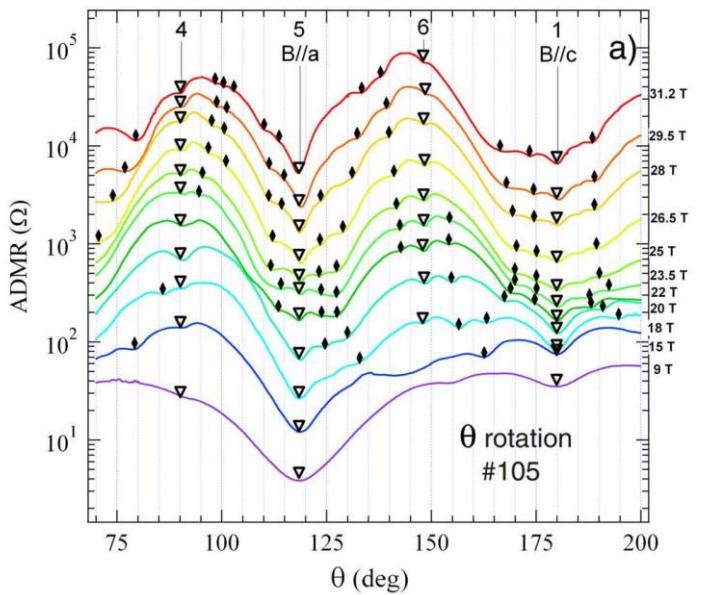
- A.G. Lebed, PRB (2016)

Real experiments on (Per)2Au(mnt)2



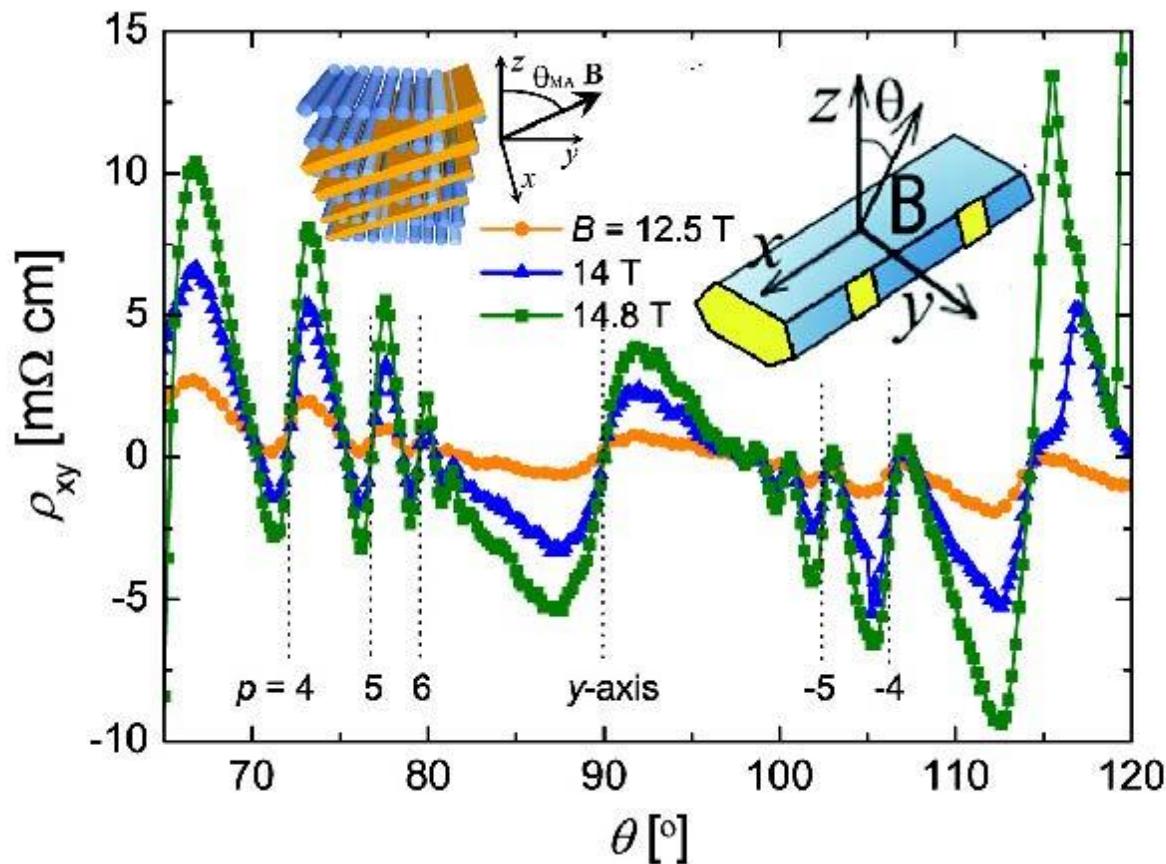
- D. Graf, J.S. Brooks, et al., PRL (2009) at the NHMFL

Results of Graf-Brooks (NFMFL) experiments



Is it real FL-n-FL angle transitions?

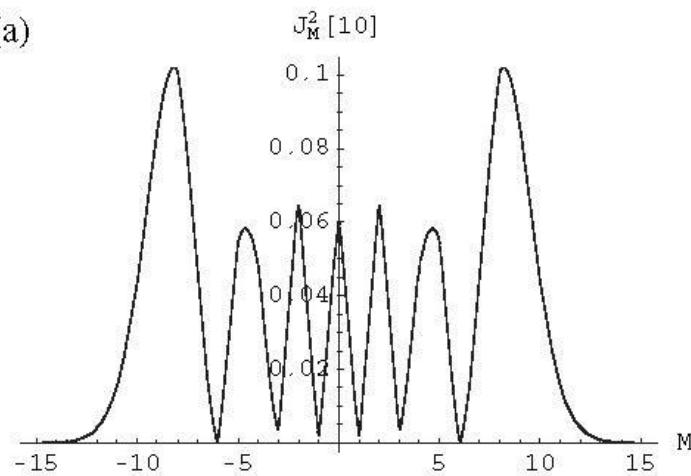
Completely unexplained results



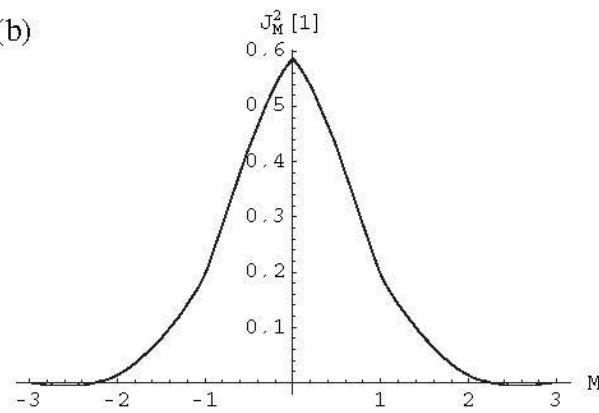
- Kaya Kobayashi, et al., PRL (2014): $(\text{TMTSF})_2\text{ClO}_4$

Exact solution vs. Peierls substitution

(a)



(b)



- A.G. Lebed, PRL (2005, 2017)